

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

☐ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2025**

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number **1-05707**

**GEE GROUP INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Illinois**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**36-6097429**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

**7751 Belfort Parkway, Suite 150, Jacksonville, FL 32256**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**(630) 954-0400**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, no par value	JOB	NYSE American

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  
Non-accelerated filer

☐  
☒

Accelerated filer  
Smaller reporting company  
Emerging Growth Company

☐  
☒  
☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of May 13, 2025 was 109,413,244.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
Form 10-Q  
For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2025  
INDEX

<a href="#"><u>CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</u></a>	3
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**[PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION](#)**

<a href="#"><u>Item 1.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Financial Statements (unaudited)</u></a>	4
	<a href="#"><u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets</u></a>	4
	<a href="#"><u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations</u></a>	5
	<a href="#"><u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity</u></a>	6
	<a href="#"><u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u></a>	7
	<a href="#"><u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u></a>	8
<a href="#"><u>Item 2.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u></a>	21
<a href="#"><u>Item 3.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u></a>	30
<a href="#"><u>Item 4.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Controls and Procedures</u></a>	30

**[PART II. OTHER INFORMATION](#)**

<a href="#"><u>Item 1.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Legal Proceedings</u></a>	31
<a href="#"><u>Item 1A.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Risk Factors</u></a>	31
<a href="#"><u>Item 2.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u></a>	31
<a href="#"><u>Item 3.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u></a>	31
<a href="#"><u>Item 4.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u></a>	31
<a href="#"><u>Item 5.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Other Information</u></a>	31
<a href="#"><u>Item 6.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Exhibits</u></a>	32
	<a href="#"><u>Signatures</u></a>	33

## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

As a matter of policy, the Company does not provide forecasts of future financial performance. The statements made in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, which are not historical facts, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements often contain or are prefaced by words such as “anticipate”, “believe”, “may”, “might”, “could”, “will”, “shall”, “plan” and “expect”, or similar expressions of future tense. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our business based, in part, on assumptions made by management. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. As a result of a number of factors, our actual results could differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. Certain factors that might cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, without limitation, general business conditions, economic uncertainties, changed socioeconomic norms following the Coronavirus Pandemic (“COVID-19”), the demand for the Company's services, competitive market pressures, the ability of the Company to attract and retain qualified personnel for regular full-time placement and contract assignments, the possibility of incurring liability for the Company's business activities, including the activities of its contract employees and events affecting its contract employees on client premises, cyber risks, including network security intrusions and/or loss of information, and the ability to attract and retain qualified corporate and branch management, as well as those risks discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024, and in other documents which we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, and the Company is under no obligation to (and expressly disclaims any such obligation to) and does not intend to update or alter its forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

# Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

### GEE GROUP INC.

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

	March 31, 2025	September 30, 2024
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash	\$ 18,501	\$ 20,735
Accounts receivable, less allowances (\$133 and \$144, respectively)	11,873	12,751
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	889	762
Current assets of discontinued operations	1,209	1,153
Total current assets	32,472	35,401
Property and equipment, net	438	546
Goodwill	24,607	46,008
Intangible assets, net	1,047	834
Deferred tax assets, net	-	9,495
Right-of-use assets	3,035	3,115
Other long-term assets	171	295
Noncurrent assets of discontinued operations	-	208
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 61,770</b>	<b>\$ 95,902</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,876	\$ 1,960
Accrued compensation	4,346	5,026
Current operating lease liabilities	1,042	1,090
Current portion of notes payable	196	-
Other current liabilities	590	899
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	313	347
Total current liabilities	8,363	9,322
Deferred taxes, net	288	-
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	2,240	2,254
Notes payable	196	-
Other long-term liabilities	42	82
Noncurrent liabilities of discontinued operations	-	33
Total liabilities	11,129	11,691
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>		
Common stock, no-par value; authorized - 200,000 shares; 114,900 shares issued and 109,413 shares outstanding at March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024	113,370	113,129
Accumulated deficit	(59,543)	(25,732)
Treasury stock; at cost - 5,487 shares at March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024	(3,186)	(3,186)
Total shareholders' equity	50,641	84,211
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 61,770</b>	<b>\$ 95,902</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>NET REVENUES:</b>				
Contract staffing services	\$ 21,495	\$ 23,134	\$ 43,009	\$ 48,216
Direct hire placement services	3,000	2,455	5,511	5,510
<b>NET REVENUES</b>	<b>24,495</b>	<b>25,589</b>	<b>48,520</b>	<b>53,726</b>
Cost of contract services	16,135	17,196	32,234	35,997
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b>	<b>8,360</b>	<b>8,393</b>	<b>16,286</b>	<b>17,729</b>
Selling, general and administrative expenses	9,305	9,556	17,744	19,738
Depreciation expense	50	66	105	138
Amortization of intangible assets	225	719	430	1,439
Goodwill impairment charge	22,000	-	22,000	-
<b>LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>(23,220)</b>	<b>(1,948)</b>	<b>(23,993)</b>	<b>(3,586)</b>
Interest expense	(89)	(65)	(155)	(134)
Interest income	139	179	294	369
<b>LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION</b>	<b>(23,170)</b>	<b>(1,834)</b>	<b>(23,854)</b>	<b>(3,351)</b>
Provision for income tax (expense) benefit attributable to continuing operations	(9,786)	915	(9,786)	915
<b>LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>	<b>(32,956)</b>	<b>(919)</b>	<b>(33,640)</b>	<b>(2,436)</b>
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(163)	(89)	(171)	(127)
<b>CONSOLIDATED NET LOSS</b>	<b>\$ (33,119)</b>	<b>\$ (1,008)</b>	<b>\$ (33,811)</b>	<b>\$ (2,563)</b>
<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING - BASIC AND DILUTED</b>	<b>109,413</b>	<b>108,772</b>	<b>109,413</b>	<b>109,339</b>
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE</b>				
From continuing operations	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.02)
From discontinued operations	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
Consolidated net loss per share	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.02)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Common Stock</b>		<b>Treasury Stock</b>		<b>Accumulated</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Deficit</b>	<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>
Balance, September 30, 2024	114,900	\$ 113,129	5,487	\$ (3,186)	\$ (25,732)	\$ 84,211
Share-based compensation	-	118	-	-	-	118
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(692)	(692)
Balance, December 31, 2024	114,900	\$ 113,247	5,487	\$ (3,186)	\$ (26,424)	\$ 83,637
Share-based compensation	-	123	-	-	-	123
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(33,119)	(33,119)
Balance, March 31, 2025	114,900	\$ 113,370	5,487	\$ (3,186)	\$ (59,543)	\$ 50,641

  

	<b>Common Stock</b>		<b>Treasury Stock</b>		<b>Accumulated</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Deficit</b>	<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>
Balance, September 30, 2023	114,900	\$ 112,915	3,412	\$ (1,984)	\$ (1,630)	\$ 109,301
Purchase of treasury stock	-	-	2,717	(1,575)	-	(1,575)
Share-based compensation	-	153	-	-	-	153
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(1,555)	(1,555)
Balance, December 31, 2023	114,900	\$ 113,068	6,129	\$ (3,559)	\$ (3,185)	\$ 106,324
Share-based compensation	-	157	-	-	-	157
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(1,008)	(1,008)
Balance, March 31, 2024	114,900	\$ 113,225	6,129	\$ (3,559)	\$ (4,193)	\$ 105,473

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2025	2024
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (33,811)	\$ (2,563)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:		
Loss on disposal of assets	3	-
Depreciation and amortization	540	1,600
Amortization of operating lease right-of-use assets	640	731
Goodwill impairment charge	22,000	-
Share-based compensation	241	310
Provisions for credit losses	10	50
Deferred income taxes	9,783	(695)
Amortization of debt issuance costs	76	76
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisition:		
Accounts receivable	1,514	4,184
Other assets	(5)	(545)
Accounts payable	(443)	(228)
Accrued compensation	(742)	(1,128)
Operating lease liabilities	(624)	(764)
Other liabilities	(323)	(605)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(1,141)	423
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(4)	(38)
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired	(968)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(972)	(38)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchases of treasury stock	-	(1,575)
Payments on finance leases	(39)	(81)
Net cash used in financing activities	(39)	(1,656)
Net change in cash	(2,152)	(1,271)
Cash at beginning of period	20,828	22,471
Cash at end of period	18,676	21,200
Less cash from discontinued operations	(175)	(303)
Cash from continuing operations at end of period	\$ 18,501	\$ 20,897
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 78	\$ 62
Cash paid for taxes	10	102

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

**1. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the six-month period ended March 31, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending September 30, 2025. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024 as filed on December 19, 2024.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that has either been disposed of, or that is classified as held for sale, which represents a strategic shift that has an effect on an entity's operation and financial results. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the assets and liabilities of discontinued operations are presented separately on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets for all periods presented. Net losses from discontinued operations are reported as a separate component of net loss on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Cash flows from discontinued operations are not reported separately on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. All footnotes included herein present only continuing operations and exclude amounts related to discontinued operations for all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

Certain additional reclassifications have been made to the prior year's condensed consolidated financial statements and/or related disclosures to conform to the current year's presentation.

**2. Business Acquisition**

On January 3, 2025, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Hornet Staffing, Inc., a Georgia corporation ("Hornet") and its shareholders, and purchased 100 shares of its capital stock which represents 100% of the ownership interest in Hornet. Hornet is an Atlanta-based provider of staff augmentation services with national service capability. Hornet provides staffing solutions to many markets serving large scale, "blue chip" companies in the information technology ("IT"), professional and customer service staffing verticals.

The total consideration paid for the purchased shares was \$1,500, consisting of (i) a \$1,100 cash payment, and (ii) the issuance to its former shareholders of subordinated and unsecured promissory notes (the "Promissory Notes") totaling an aggregate initial principal amount of \$400. Interest on the outstanding principal balances of the Promissory Notes is payable at a fixed rate of 5% per annum. Payments on the Promissory Notes shall be made annually with the first payment due on the first anniversary of the issuance dates and the second and final payment due on the second anniversary of the issuance date.

The Purchase Agreement also provides that for the initial two-year period after closing, Hornet is required to achieve an agreed upon minimum average gross profit measure equal to \$720 for each of the two subsequent twelve-month periods (each twelve-month period being separately measured). If the average gross profit measure during either of the subsequent two years is less than the minimum required average gross profit, then the Company will reduce the remaining balance under the Promissory Notes proportionally by an amount equal to the amount of the shortfall; provided the Company may not deduct more than the amount due under the then current payment for the Promissory Notes and may not seek to claw back any previous payments made under the Notes.

The Purchase Agreement contains certain representations and warranties customary and standard for this type of transaction.



**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

The assets and liabilities of Hornet were recorded at their estimated fair values as of the closing date of the Purchase Agreement. The Promissory Notes were recorded net of discounts of \$8 at the acquisition date. The following table summarizes the preliminary balance sheet at January 3, 2025:

Assets purchased	\$	612
Liabilities assumed		362
Net assets purchased		250
Purchase consideration:		
Cash paid at closing		1,100
Promissory notes, net		392
Intangible assets from purchase	\$	1,242

An independent preliminary purchase price allocation and valuation has been performed to identify intangible assets acquired. The allocation to these intangible assets is as follows:

	Fair Value	Useful Life
Customer relationships	\$ 564	8 years
Tradenname	68	10 years
Non-compete	11	2 years
Goodwill	599	Indefinite
Total intangible assets acquired	\$ 1,242	

The following table represents the unaudited consolidated pro forma results of operations for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 had the acquisition occurred on October 1, 2023, the first day of the most historic period reported in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This unaudited pro forma information does not purport to present what the Company's actual results would have been had the acquisition occurred on October 1, 2023. This information is based on Hornet's unaudited historical financial statements.

	Three Months Ended, March 31,		Six Months Ended, March 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net revenues	\$ 24,560	\$ 26,827	\$ 50,108	\$ 56,718
Cost of contract services	16,178	18,258	33,592	38,558
Gross profit	8,382	8,569	16,516	18,160
Selling, general and administrative expenses	9,319	9,671	17,896	20,076
Net loss	(32,949)	(857)	(33,563)	(2,342)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.02)

### 3. Discontinued Operations

On April 18, 2024, the Company's Mergers and Acquisitions ("M&A") committee of the Board of Directors completed its review of strategic alternatives recommended by an outside investment banking firm. This included recommendation of divestiture of the Company's Industrial Segment which was subsequently approved by the Company's full Board of Directors on May 13, 2024. Management thereafter began the process of identifying and contacting potential buyers and expects to complete this divestiture in 2025. As of March 31, 2025, the Company's plan to sell its Industrial Segment met all the criteria for the first time to be reported as discontinued operations under U.S. GAAP, the final one being making the determination that the sale or other disposition would now be completed within twelve months.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

*Assets and Liabilities of Discontinued Operations*

The balances of assets and liabilities under the Industrial Segment as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	<u>March 31, 2025</u>	<u>September 30, 2024</u>
<b>Assets of discontinued operations:</b>		
Cash	\$ 175	\$ 93
Accounts receivable, net	829	996
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	33	64
Property and equipment, net	4	13
Right-of-use assets	144	138
Other long-term assets	24	57
<b>Total assets of discontinued operations</b>	<u>\$ 1,209</u>	<u>\$ 1,361</u>
<b>Liabilities of discontinued operations:</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 29	\$ 27
Accrued compensation	135	197
Current operating lease liabilities	97	105
Other current liabilities	4	18
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	48	33
<b>Total liabilities of discontinued operations</b>	<u>\$ 313</u>	<u>\$ 380</u>

*Net Loss from Discontinued Operations*

Results of the Industrial Segment for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, consisted of the following:

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Revenue	\$ 1,545	\$ 2,462	\$ 3,546	\$ 4,955
Expenses:				
Cost of contract services	1,288	2,087	2,919	4,181
Selling, general and administrative expenses	418	450	794	874
Depreciation expense	2	12	4	23
Interest expense	-	2	-	4
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes	(163)	(89)	(171)	(127)
Provision for income tax expense attributable to discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
<b>Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax</b>	<u>\$ (163)</u>	<u>\$ (89)</u>	<u>\$ (171)</u>	<u>\$ (127)</u>

*Cash Flows from Discontinued Operations*

There were no capital expenditures or other significant cash flows under the Industrial Segment during either of the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

**4. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

*Recently Adopted*

In June 2016, Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326)*, which contains authoritative guidance amending how entities will measure credit losses for most financial assets and certain other instruments that are not measured at fair value through net income. The guidance requires the application of a current expected credit loss model, which is a new impairment model based on expected losses. The new guidance was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. ASU 2016-13 became effective for the Company on October 1, 2023. The new guidance was implemented during the quarter ended December 31, 2023, is applicable to the Company's trade (accounts) receivable and did not have a material impact on its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

*Not Yet Adopted*

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280)*, which enhances prior reportable segment disclosure requirements in part by requiring entities to disclose significant expenses related to their reportable segments. The guidance also requires disclosure of the Chief Operating Decision Maker's ("CODM") position for each segment and detail of how the CODM uses financial reporting to assess their segment's performance. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company has not yet determined the potential impact of implementation of the new guidance on its condensed consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740)*, which expands income tax disclosure requirements in part by requiring entities to disclose a reconciliation of their effective tax rates to statutory rates and provide disaggregation of taxes paid. The guidance also eliminates existing disclosure requirements related to anticipated changes in unrecognized tax benefits and temporary differences related to unrecorded deferred tax liabilities. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company does not expect implementation of the new guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses (Subtopic 220-40)*, which expands expense disclosure requirements in part by requiring entities to provide tabular disclosure of the nature of expenses making up relevant captions on the face of the income statement. The guidance requires disclosure of the amounts making up each caption in categories such as inventory purchases, employee compensation, depreciation, intangible asset amortization, and depletion. The guidance also requires qualitative descriptions of other amounts included in each caption that are not separately disaggregated. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2027. The Company does not expect implementation of the new guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

**5. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Customer Concentrations, and Allowances for Credit Losses**

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*

Highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024, there were no cash equivalents.

Cash deposit accounts are maintained at financial institutions and, at times, balances may exceed federally insured limits guaranteed by the FDIC. During 2023, the Company entered into enhanced deposit arrangements with two financial institutions in which monies are deposited through a brokerage account and are further placed on deposit by the broker amongst U.S. banks pre-screened by the broker in amounts per bank that do not exceed the individual \$250 FDIC per depositor limit. The aggregate amount of all funds on deposit under these accounts was \$14,804 and \$14,515 as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024, respectively. The Company also holds funds in various other bank accounts that may exceed FDIC insured limits. These uninsured amounts, in aggregate, were \$2,949 and \$5,194 as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024, respectively. We have never experienced any material losses related to cash on deposit with banks.

*Customer Concentrations*

The Company's single largest customer made up just over 10% of the Company's consolidated revenues for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2025.

The Company has two customers that, in aggregate, made up approximately 26% and 27% of the consolidated accounts receivable balance as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024, respectively. These two customers are offered extended payment terms due to the frequency and volume of our services that they utilize. Each maintains excellent creditworthiness and the Company has not historically experienced any losses related to these two customers.

**GEE GROUP INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**

(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

*Allowance for Credit Losses*

The Company extends credit to its various customers based on evaluation of the customer's financial condition and ability to pay the Company in accordance with the payment terms. An allowance for credit losses is recorded as a charge to bad debt expense where collection is considered to be doubtful due to credit issues. The Company adopted the methodology under ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326)*, during the quarter ended December 31, 2023. The amendments in ASU 2016-13 replace the probable incurred loss impairment methodology underlying our previous allowance for doubtful accounts with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. Under ASU 2016-13, an allowance is recorded with a corresponding charge to bad debt expense for expected credit losses in our accounts receivable including consideration of the effects of past, present and future conditions that may reasonably be expected to impact credit losses. The Company charges off uncollectible accounts against the allowance once the invoices are deemed unlikely to be collectible. The allowance for credit losses is reflected in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as a reduction of accounts receivable. The impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-13 was immaterial to the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

As of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024, the allowance for credit losses was \$133 and \$144, respectively.

A summary of changes in this account is as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Beginning balance	\$ 125	\$ 167	\$ 144	\$ 118
Provisions for credit losses	8	13	12	73
Accounts receivable write-offs	-	(33)	(23)	(44)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 133</u>	<u>\$ 147</u>	<u>\$ 133</u>	<u>\$ 147</u>

*Liabilities for Direct Hire Placement Falloffs*

Direct hire placement service revenues from contracts with customers are recognized when the Company has met each of the criteria under Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC 606)*, including its performance obligations under the contracts. This generally occurs when the employment candidates accept offers of employment and have started their newly placed positions, less a provision for estimated credits or refunds to customers as the result of applicants not remaining employed for the entirety of the Company's guarantee period (referred to as "falloffs"). The Company's guarantee periods for permanently placed employees generally range from 60 to 90 days from the date of hire.

Charges for expected future falloffs are recorded as reductions of revenues for estimated losses due to applicants not remaining employed for the Company's guarantee period. Liabilities for falloffs and refunds during the period are reflected in other current liabilities in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets in the amounts of \$59 and \$102, as of March 31, 2025, and September 30, 2024, respectively. The corresponding charges included in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations as reductions of direct hire placement service revenues were approximately \$30 and \$(14) for the three-month periods and \$252 and \$230 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

**6. Advertising Expenses**

The Company expenses the costs of print and internet media advertising and promotions as incurred and reports these costs in selling, general and administrative expenses. Advertising expenses totaled \$642 and \$531 for the three-month periods and \$1,269 and \$1,068 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

## 7. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net loss attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period, which is computed using shares issued and outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed giving effect to all potentially dilutive common shares. Potentially dilutive common shares may consist of incremental shares issuable upon the vesting of restricted shares granted but unissued, exercise of stock options and warrants. The dilutive effect of the common stock equivalents is reflected in earnings per share by use of the treasury stock method.

Due to the loss from continuing operations reported for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no dilutive incremental shares considered in the calculation of dilutive shares. Common stock equivalents, which are excluded because their effect is anti-dilutive, were approximately 4,730 and 4,472 for the three-month periods and 4,160 and 4,077 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

## 8. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2025	September 30, 2024
Computer software	\$ 121	\$ 472
Computer equipment	1,170	2,102
Furniture and fixtures	630	941
Leasehold improvements	87	176
Total property and equipment, at cost	2,008	3,691
Accumulated depreciation	(1,570)	(3,145)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 438</u>	<u>\$ 546</u>

## 9. Leases

The Company occasionally acquires equipment under finance leases including hardware and software used by our IT department to improve security and capacity, and certain furniture for our offices. Terms for these leases generally range from two to six years. The assets obtained under finance leases are included in property and equipment, net, on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Finance lease expenses such as amortization of the lease assets and interest expense on the lease liabilities are included on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations in depreciation expense and interest expense, respectively. Supplemental information related to these expenses consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended, March 31,		Six Months Ended, March 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Amortization of finance lease assets	\$ 23	\$ 23	\$ 46	\$ 49
Interest on finance lease liabilities	2	4	4	10

Supplemental balance sheet information related to finance leases consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2025	September 30, 2024
Net book value of finance leases	\$ 157	\$ 202
Weighted average remaining lease term for finance leases	1.7 years	2.2 years
Weighted average discount rate for finance leases	5.3%	5.3%

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

The table below reconciles the undiscounted future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable finance lease agreements to the total finance lease liabilities recognized on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets, included in other current liabilities and other long-term liabilities, as of March 31, 2025:

Remainder of Fiscal 2025	\$	36
Fiscal 2026		73
Fiscal 2027		12
Less: Imputed interest		(5)
Present value of finance lease liabilities (a)	\$	<u>116</u>

(a) Includes current portion of \$68 for finance leases.

The Company leases space for all its branch offices, which are generally located either in downtown or suburban business centers, and for its corporate headquarters. Branch offices are generally leased over periods ranging from three to five years. The corporate office lease expires in 2026. The Company's leases generally provide for payment of basic rent plus a share of building real estate taxes, maintenance costs and utilities.

Operating lease expenses included in selling, general, and administrative expenses on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations were \$37 and \$519 for the three-month periods and \$919 and \$999 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Supplemental cash flow information related to operating leases consisted of the following:

	<b>Six Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Cash paid for operating lease liabilities	\$ 646	\$ 796
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	488	-

Supplemental balance sheet information related to operating leases consisted of the following:

	<b>March 31, 2025</b>	<b>September 30, 2024</b>
Weighted average remaining lease term for operating leases	2.6 years	2.6 years
Weighted average discount rate for operating leases	5.6%	5.6%

The table below reconciles the undiscounted future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating lease agreements having initial terms in excess of one year to the total operating lease liabilities recognized on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2025, including certain closed offices are as follows:

Remainder of Fiscal 2025	\$	638
Fiscal 2026		1,019
Fiscal 2027		865
Fiscal 2028		613
Fiscal 2029		316
Thereafter		123
Less: Imputed interest		(292)
Present value of operating lease liabilities (a)	\$	<u>3,282</u>

(a) Includes current portion of \$1,042 for operating leases.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

**10. Goodwill and Intangible Assets**

*Goodwill*

The Company performs a goodwill impairment assessment at least annually but may perform interim assessments if a triggering event occurs that may indicate the fair value of a reporting unit decreased below its carrying value. The net loss experienced in the six-month period ended March 31, 2025, and the recent negative trend in the Company's stock price and market capitalization, in management's view, represent one or more triggering events that indicate the Company's goodwill may be impaired. The Company reevaluated its financial forecast for the March 2025 quarterly results and performed an interim impairment assessment of its goodwill using the updated information. The results of the interim assessment indicated the Company's goodwill assigned to its Professional Services reporting unit was impaired. As a result, the Company reduced its goodwill by \$22,000 with a corresponding non-cash impairment charge recognized in its unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025.

For purposes of performing its interim goodwill impairment assessment as of March 31, 2025, the Company applied generally accepted valuation methods and techniques in order to estimate the fair value of its Professional Services reporting unit and considered discounted cash flows, guideline public company results, guideline transactions, revenues and earnings, recent trends in the Company's stock price, implied control or acquisition premiums, and other possible factors and their effects on estimated fair value of the Company's Professional Services reporting unit. Should industry conditions remain consistently negative, or worsen, or if assumptions such as control premiums, terminal growth projections, cost of capital or discount rates or business enterprise value multiples change such conditions could result in a deficit of the fair value of the Company's Professional Services reporting unit as compared to its remaining carrying value, leading to an impairment in the future.

A summary of goodwill balances of the Company's Professional Services reporting unit is presented as follows:

	<b>Goodwill</b>	<b>Accumulated Impairment</b>	<b>Carrying Amount</b>
As of September 30, 2024	\$ 75,510	\$ (29,502)	\$ 46,008
Addition from business acquisition	599	-	599
Impairment adjustment	-	(22,000)	(22,000)
As of March 31, 2025	<u>\$ 76,109</u>	<u>\$ (51,502)</u>	<u>\$ 24,607</u>

*Intangible Assets*

The following provides a summary of the Company's separately identifiable intangible assets as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024 and estimated future amortization expense:

	<b>March 31, 2025</b>				<b>September 30, 2024</b>			
	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Impairment Charges</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Net Book Value</b>	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Impairment Charges</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Net Book Value</b>
Customer relationships	\$ 27,521	\$ (5,153)	\$ (21,490)	\$ 878	\$ 26,957	\$ (5,153)	\$ (21,147)	\$ 657
Trade names	8,397	(56)	(8,181)	160	8,329	(56)	(8,096)	177
Non-competes	4,342	-	(4,333)	9	4,331	-	(4,331)	-
Total	<u>\$ 40,260</u>	<u>\$ (5,209)</u>	<u>\$ (34,004)</u>	<u>\$ 1,047</u>	<u>\$ 39,617</u>	<u>\$ (5,209)</u>	<u>\$ (33,574)</u>	<u>\$ 834</u>
Remainder of Fiscal 2025								\$ 427
Fiscal 2026								122
Fiscal 2027								79
Fiscal 2028								77
Fiscal 2029								77
Thereafter								265
								<u>\$ 1,047</u>

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

Intangible assets that represent customer relationships are amortized on the basis of estimated future undiscounted cash flows or using the straight-line basis over estimated remaining useful lives of five to ten years. Trade names are amortized on a straight-line basis over their respective estimated useful lives of between five and ten years. Non-competes are amortized on a straight-line basis over their respective estimated useful lives of between two and five years.

### 11. Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2025	September 30, 2024
Accrued audit fees	\$ 49	\$ 47
Accrued client rebates	159	340
Accrued severance	-	45
Current finance leases payable	68	67
Reserve for falloffs	59	102
Other	255	298
Total other current liabilities	<u>\$ 590</u>	<u>\$ 899</u>

### 12. Senior Bank Loan, Security and Guarantee Agreement

The Company and its subsidiaries have a Loan, Security and Guaranty Agreement for a \$20 million asset-based senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Facility”) with First Citizens Bank (“FCB”) (formerly CIT Bank, N.A.). The Facility is collateralized by 100% of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries who are co-borrowers and/or guarantors. The Facility matures on the fifth anniversary of the closing date (May 14, 2026).

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had no outstanding borrowings and \$7,368 of unused capacity available for borrowing under the terms of the Facility. The Company had \$178 and \$255 in unamortized debt issuance costs associated with the Facility as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024, respectively. Of these costs, \$53 was reflected in other current assets on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as of both March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024 with the remainder being reflected in other long-term assets. The amortization expense of these debt costs totaled \$38 for the three-month periods and \$76 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. The unused line fees incurred and included in interest expense totaled \$25 for the three-month periods and \$51 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

On December 15, 2023, the Company and FCB entered into Amendment No. 2 to the Facility (“Amendment No. 2”), which provides for an increase in the Facility’s concentration limits for certain large clients at the discretion of FCB.

On January 3, 2025, in connection with its acquisition of Hornet, the Company and FCB entered into Consent and Amendment No. 3 to the Facility (“Amendment No. 3”), pursuant to which, FCB consented to the Hornet acquisition and the Company and its subsidiaries, as co-borrowers, the guarantors and FCB made certain amendments to the Loan Agreement and related collateral agreements to add Hornet to the Facility, accordingly.

### 13. Shareholders’ Equity

#### *Share-based Compensation*

##### *Amended and Restated 2013 Incentive Stock Plan, as amended*

As of March 31, 2025, there were vested and unvested shares of restricted stock and stock options outstanding under the Company’s Amended and Restated 2013 Incentive Stock Plan, as amended (“Incentive Stock Plan”). The Incentive Stock Plan, as amended, provides for total shares available for restricted stock and stock options of 15,000 (7,500 restricted stock shares and 7,500 stock option shares). The Incentive Stock Plan authorizes the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors to grant non-statutory stock options to employees. Vesting periods are established by the Compensation Committee at the time of grant.



**GEE GROUP INC.**
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**

(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

As of March 31, 2025, there were 7,166 shares available to be granted under the Plan (4,005 shares available for restricted stock grants and 3,161 shares available for non-qualified stock option grants).

*Restricted Stock*

The Company has an annual incentive compensation program (“AICP”) for its executives which is administered under the Company’s Incentive Stock Plan. The AICP includes a long-term incentive (“LTI”) compensation program in the form of restricted stock awards comprised of two components: one that vests based on future service only, and a second that vests based on future service and performance. Initial awards under both service-only and service plus performance-based components of the AICP LTI plan are determined based on financial performance measures for the immediately preceding fiscal year.

The Company granted 48 shares of restricted stock under the AICP during the six months ended March 31, 2025. Of the 48 shares granted, 8 were granted based on actual fiscal 2023 results and will cliff vest on December 1, 2026, the second anniversary from their date of grant, based on future service and performance. The remaining 40 future service and performance-based shares granted were based on fiscal 2022 results and will cliff vest on December 1, 2025, the first anniversary from their date of grant. These service plus performance-based restricted shares are subject to adjustment over their corresponding fiscal 2025 reporting period based on probability of achieving the fiscal 2025 financial targets set by the Company’s Board of Directors. The shares currently reported have been adjusted based on the probable outcome as compared to these financial targets. The final number of fiscal 2023 and 2022 service plus performance-based restricted shares granted will be determined once the actual financial performance of the Company is determined for fiscal 2025.

Share-based compensation expense attributable to restricted stock was \$53 and \$78 for the three-month periods and \$108 and \$152 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, there was approximately \$197 of unrecognized compensation expense related to restricted stock outstanding and the weighted average remaining vesting period for those grants was 0.98 years.

A summary of restricted stock activity is presented as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value (\$)
Non-vested restricted stock outstanding as of September 30, 2024	906	0.71
Granted	48	0.25
Vested	-	-
Non-vested restricted stock outstanding as of December 31, 2024	954	0.69
Granted	-	-
Vested	-	-
Non-vested restricted stock outstanding as of March 31, 2025	954	0.69

*Warrants*

The Company had 77 warrants outstanding as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024 with a weighted average exercise price per share of \$2 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.0 and 0.5 years, respectively. No warrants were granted or expired during the six months ended March 31, 2025.

*Stock Options*

All stock options outstanding as of March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024 were non-qualified stock options, had exercise prices equal to the market price on the date of grant, and had expiration dates ten years from the date of grant.

The Company granted 1,150 stock options during the six months ended March 31, 2025. The Company’s stock options generally vest on annual schedules during periods ranging from two to four years, although some options are fully vested upon grant. Share-based compensation expense attributable to stock options is recognized over their estimated remaining lives and was \$69 and \$79 for the three-month periods and \$133 and \$158 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, there was approximately \$621 of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options outstanding, and the weighted average remaining vesting period for those options was 3.15 years.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

A summary of stock option activity is presented as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price per share (\$)	Weighted Average Fair Value per share (\$)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Total Intrinsic Value of Options (\$)
Options outstanding as of September 30, 2024	3,351	1.17	0.93	7.08	-
Granted	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	(153)	0.72	1.10	-	-
Options outstanding as of December 31, 2024	3,198	1.19	0.95	6.78	-
Granted	1,150	0.23	0.19	-	-
Forfeited	(10)	0.59	0.49	-	-
Options outstanding as of March 31, 2025	4,338	0.93	0.75	7.41	-
Exercisable as of September 30, 2024	2,293	1.43	1.13	6.38	-
Exercisable as of March 31, 2025	2,456	1.36	1.08	6.08	-

**Share Repurchase Program**

On April 27, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of \$20 million of the Company's currently outstanding shares of common stock. The share repurchase program continued through December 31, 2023. The repurchase program did not obligate the Company to repurchase any number of shares of common stock. The share repurchase program was conducted in accordance with Rules 10b-5 and 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Subject to applicable rules and regulations, shares of common stock were purchased from time to time in the open market transactions and in amounts the Company deemed appropriate, based on factors such as market conditions, legal requirements, and other business considerations.

The Company repurchased 2,717 shares of its common stock under program during the six-month period ended March 31, 2024, at a net cost of \$,575. Upon conclusion of the share repurchase program, as of December 31, 2023, the Company repurchased 6,129 shares in aggregate (accounting for approximately 5.4% of our issued and outstanding common shares immediately prior to the program).

**14. Income Tax**

The following table presents the provision for income taxes and our effective tax rate for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	Three Months Ended, March 31,		Six Months Ended, March 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Provision for income taxes	\$ 9,786	\$ (915)	\$ 9,786	\$ (915)
Effective tax rate	-42%	50%	-42%	27%

The effective income tax rate on operations is based upon the estimated income for the year, and adjustments, if any, in the applicable quarterly periods for the potential tax consequences, benefits, resolutions of tax audits or other tax contingencies.

**GEE GROUP INC.**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**

(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

The effective tax rates for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 are lower than the statutory rate mainly due to the effect of the valuation allowance on the net deferred tax asset ("DTA") position. Other than the deferred tax liability relating to indefinite lived assets, the Company is maintaining a valuation allowance against the remaining net DTA position. The effective tax rates for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2024 are higher than the statutory tax rate primarily due to the effect of federal tax credits and state and local taxes.

As of each reporting date, management considers new evidence, both positive and negative, that could affect its view of the future realization of deferred tax assets. In view of the significance of the Company's recent pre-tax book losses and likelihood of continuing uncertainty in the industry and economy as a whole, management excluded projections of future income from its forecast of the reversal of its DTAs as of March 31, 2025. As a result, it was determined that the company's net DTAs would not be realized as there is not sufficient positive evidence to conclude that it is more likely than not that the deferred taxes are realizable. The Company has recorded an additional \$12,713 valuation allowance, resulting in a total valuation allowance of \$13,634, as of March 31, 2025, accordingly.

Under Internal Revenue Code 382, if a corporation undergoes a specified change in ownership, the corporation's ability to use its pre-change net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards and other pre-change tax attributes to offset its post-change income may be limited. Such limitation may result in the expiration of the NOL carryforwards generated before 2018 prior to their utilization. The Company engaged outside tax experts to perform a comprehensive section 382 study to calculate the estimated limitation and evaluate the corporation's ability to use its NOL carryforwards and other pre-change tax attributes. The study was finalized in the quarter ended March 31, 2025 and concluded that the Company's pre-2018 NOL carryovers and other tax attributes are subject to limitation under section 382. However, due to the presence of the valuation allowance, the Company's section 382 limitation has no net effect on the Company's net deferred tax position.

**15. Commitments and Contingencies**

*Litigation and Claims*

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in litigation that arises in the ordinary course of business. There are no pending significant legal proceedings to which the Company is a party for which management believes the ultimate outcome would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

**16. Related Party Transactions**

On January 3, 2025, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Lawrence Bruce, one of the former shareholders of Hornet. As part of the Purchase Agreement, the Company issued Promissory Notes to Lawrence Bruce and his spouse, Laurel Bruce, in the amounts of \$160 and \$240, representing their respective portions of this purchase consideration based on their percentage of Hornet's stock ownership prior to the acquisition. The Promissory Notes have certain contingencies as disclosed under Note 2.

**GEE GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)**  
(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

**17. Segment Data**

The Company provides the following distinctive services: (a) direct hire placement services and (b) temporary professional services staffing in the fields of information technology, accounting, finance and office, engineering, and medical. These services make up the Company's Professional Staffing Services reporting segment. As disclosed in Note 3, the Company's Industrial Staffing Services reporting segment has been deemed a discontinued operation and, as such, is excluded from the below table which only reflects continuing operations.

Some selling, general and administrative expenses are not fully allocated to the Professional Staffing Services segment. Unallocated corporate expenses primarily include certain executive and administrative salaries and related expenses, corporate legal expenses, share-based compensation expenses, consulting expenses, audit fees, corporate rent and facility costs, board related fees, acquisition, integration and restructuring expenses, and interest expense. For purposes of determining total assets of the Professional Staffing Services reporting segment, all corporate assets such as cash and other assets have been allocated to the Professional Staffing Services reporting segment.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Professional Staffing Services</b>				
Permanent placement revenue	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,455	\$ 5,511	\$ 5,510
Permanent placement services gross margin	100%	100%	100%	100%
Contract services revenue	\$ 21,495	\$ 23,134	\$ 43,009	\$ 48,216
Contract services gross margin	24.9%	25.7%	25.1%	25.3%
Loss from operations	\$ (21,655)	\$ (158)	\$ (20,962)	\$ (129)
Depreciation and amortization	275	785	535	1,577
Accounts receivable, net	11,873	13,120	11,873	13,120
Intangible assets	1,047	6,967	1,047	6,967
Goodwill	24,607	60,210	24,607	60,210
Total assets	60,561	114,107	60,561	114,107
<b>Unallocated Expenses</b>				
Corporate administrative expenses	\$ 1,184	\$ 1,386	\$ 2,304	\$ 2,673
Corporate facility expenses	147	135	268	247
Share-based compensation expense	123	157	241	310
Board related expenses	111	112	218	227
Total unallocated expenses	\$ 1,565	\$ 1,790	\$ 3,031	\$ 3,457
<b>Consolidated</b>				
Total revenue	\$ 24,495	\$ 25,589	\$ 48,520	\$ 53,726
Loss from operations	(23,220)	(1,948)	(23,993)	(3,586)
Depreciation and amortization	275	785	535	1,577
Accounts receivable, net	11,873	13,120	11,873	13,120
Intangible assets	1,047	6,967	1,047	6,967
Goodwill	24,607	60,210	24,607	60,210
Total assets of continuing operations	60,561	114,107	60,561	114,107

## Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

### Overview

GEE Group Inc. and its wholly owned material operating subsidiaries, Access Data Consulting Corporation, Agile Resources, Inc., BMCH, Inc., Hornet Staffing, Inc., Paladin Consulting, Inc., Scribe Solutions, Inc., SNI Companies, Inc., Triad Logistics, Inc., and Triad Personnel Services, Inc. are providers of permanent and temporary professional and industrial staffing and placement services in and near several major U.S. cities. We specialize in the placement of information technology, accounting, finance, office, and engineering professionals for direct hire and contract staffing for our clients, data entry assistants (medical scribes) who specialize in electronic medical records (EMR) services for emergency departments, specialty physician practices and clinics, and provide temporary staffing services for our industrial clients. The acquisitions of Scribe Solutions, Inc., a Florida corporation (“Scribe”) in April 2015, Agile Resources, Inc., a Georgia corporation (“Agile”) in July 2015, Access Data Consulting Corporation, a Colorado corporation (“Access”) in October 2015, Paladin Consulting Inc. (“Paladin”) in January 2016, and SNI Companies, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“SNI”) in April 2017, expanded our geographical footprint within the professional placement and contract staffing verticals or end markets of information technology, accounting, finance, office, engineering professionals, and medical scribes. The acquisition of Hornet Staffing, Inc., a Georgia corporation, (“Hornet”) in January 2025 broadened our footprint in the professional contract staffing market with a specialty in working with managed service providers (“MSP”) and vendor management systems (“VMS”) which streamline outsourced labor for large clients.

We market our services using the trade names General Employment Enterprises, Omni One, Ashley Ellis, Agile Resources, Scribe Solutions Inc., Access Data Consulting Corporation, Paladin Consulting Inc., SNI Companies (including Staffing Now, Accounting Now, and Certes), Triad Personnel Services, Triad Staffing, and Hornet Staffing. As of March 31, 2025, we operated from locations in eleven (11) states, including twenty-three (23) branch offices in downtown or suburban areas of major U.S. cities and four (4) additional U.S. locations utilizing local staff members working remotely. We have offices or serve markets remotely, as follows; (i) one office in each of Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, and New Jersey, and one remote local market presence in each of Georgia and Virginia; (ii) two offices each in Massachusetts and Colorado; (iv) two offices and one additional local market presence in Texas; (v) six offices and one additional local market presence in Florida; and (vi) seven offices in Ohio.

Management has a long-term business strategy that includes organic and acquisition growth components. Management’s organic growth strategy includes seeking out and winning new client business, as well as expansion of existing client business and on-going cost reduction and productivity improvement efforts in operations. Management’s acquisition growth strategy includes identifying strategic, accretive acquisitions, financed primarily through a combination of cash and debt, including seller financing, the issuance of equity in appropriate circumstances, and the use of earn-outs where efficient to improve the overall profitability and our cash flows.

Our contract and placement services are currently provided under our Professional Staffing Services operating division or segment. Our former Industrial Staffing Services segment has been deemed a discontinued operation as of the quarter ended March 31, 2025 and is excluded from results of continuing operations reported in this MD&A, unless otherwise stated.

## Results of Operations

### *Summary and Outlook*

We have incurred a net loss of \$(33) million for the fiscal second quarter ended March 31, 2025. The net loss is primarily attributable to declines in business resulting from negative economic and labor market conditions that began in 2023, continued throughout 2024 and continue to be present so far in 2025. These conditions have negatively impacted the number of job orders received and the numbers of qualified candidates available to fill orders for placements across all of our lines of business. Likewise, the U.S. Staffing Industry, as a whole, has experienced material declines in overall volume and financial performance and the industry outlook is mixed as to when these conditions may be expected to definitively subside. As a result of the prolonged negative effects on our business associated with our current environment, we recorded a \$22 million impairment charge in the quarter and reduced our goodwill asset, accordingly. In addition, we established a full valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets. These two non-cash charges account for substantially the entire net loss from continuing operations reported for the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

Artificial intelligence (“AI”) continues to gain momentum in the economy bringing with it the possibility of serving as a “disruptor” of traditional staffing and HR solutions markets or portions of them. We are responding by integrating AI into our operating business strategy, plans and systems; focusing on seeking, attracting and placing AI talent; and refocusing our other organic growth efforts towards verticals where we can leverage AI, or that are less likely to be significantly disrupted by AI. Our IT businesses, in particular, are focused on building AI expertise and on presenting themselves as thought leaders and knowledge resources in AI for our clients and potential new clients.

On January 3, 2025, we acquired Hornet Staffing, Inc., an Atlanta-based provider of staff augmentation services with national service capability. Hornet provides staffing solutions to markets serving large scale, “blue chip” companies in the information technology, professional and customer service staffing verticals. The acquisition is expected to be accretive to earnings. Under the terms of the stock purchase agreement, we acquired 100% of the Hornet common stock for consideration including cash and seller financing. Larry Bruce, Hornet’s Managing Director and Founder, will continue in his current capacity at Hornet and join the GEE Group National Sales Team to work with our vertical leaders on new business development.

We expect the Hornet acquisition to enhance our ability to compete more effectively and anticipate it helping us secure new business from Fortune 1000 and other large users of contingent and outsourced labor. Its workforce solutions include significant expertise in working with MSPs and VMSs. According to Staffing Industry Analysts’ (“SIA”) recent Workforce Solutions Buyer Survey, approximately 58% of companies with one thousand employees or more engage a third-party firm to manage their staffing providers. These large businesses spend for contingent labor is typically managed by MSP and VMS providers which are evolving rapidly, driven by the increasing complexity of workforce management and to achieve economies of scale in today’s business environment. In 2023 according to SIA, the global MSP/VMS market accounted for approximately \$222 billion of temporary staffing spend under management.

In light of the forgoing trends and in order to compete more efficiently and effectively on these and other engagements, staffing agencies are turning to offshore recruiting models which continue to gain momentum as an increasing number of organizations turn to MSP and VMS for managing their contract labor providers. According to SIA, offshore recruiting teams located in cost-effective regions of the world provide significant cost savings and can help reduce operational expenses by up to approximately 70%, without compromising on quality. Hornet has adopted this method of recruiting which we believe provides for faster hiring cycles tapping a vast, global talent pool; and, coupled with round-the-clock recruitment efforts, offshore recruiting can reduce hiring timelines by up to 40%, allowing staffing firms to attract top talent ahead of competitors. We plan to continue our on-shore relationship-based recruitment for select customers and leverage Hornet’s offshore recruiting capability and technology across all of our staffing verticals on MSP, VMS and other large enterprise engagements. This is expected to give us additional flexibility and scalability to adjust hiring volumes based on project needs, ensuring efficiency without sacrificing quality.

As of March 31, 2025, we have classified and reported our Industrial Segment as a discontinued operation and are in the process of negotiating a sale of its assets and operations. The decision to discontinue this division is in continuance with our long-term strategy and focus on the professional verticals within our business. The initiative to seek a buyer for the Industrial Segment was approved on April 18, 2024, as part of our plans and budgets comprehended in the M&A Committee’s strategic recommendations developed during a formal review of strategic alternatives last year. It is expected to close during the quarter ending June 30, 2025, and any resulting net gain or loss on the sale is presently expected to be immaterial. Other strategic recommendations stemming from the strategic alternatives review are on-going, including (1) proactive measures to streamline operations and enhance growth opportunities and cost-efficiency, including significant cost reductions, (2) building upon past acquisitions by taking advantage of current conditions and further integrating and consolidating operations and systems for further efficiencies and cost saving opportunities, and (3) capitalizing on acquisition opportunities arising from the economic downturn by identifying and with the objective of acquiring businesses at reduced multiples and favorable valuations.

(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

### Three Months Ended March 31, 2025 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

#### Net Revenues

Consolidated net revenues are comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Change
	2025	2024		
Professional contract services	\$ 21,495	\$ 23,134	\$ (1,639)	-7%
Direct hire placement services	3,000	2,455	545	22%
Consolidated net revenues	\$ 24,495	\$ 25,589	\$ (1,094)	-4%

Professional contract staffing services contributed \$21,495 or approximately 88% of consolidated revenue and direct hire placement services contributed \$3,000, or approximately 12%, of consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2025. This compares to professional contract staffing services revenue of \$23,134, or approximately 90%, of consolidated revenue and direct hire placement revenue of \$2,455, or approximately 10%, of consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Economic weakness and uncertainties, including persistent inflation and the possibility of recession, continued to negatively impact our results through the three months ended March 31, 2025. Professional contract staffing services revenues decreased \$1,639, or 7%, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Direct hire placement revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2025 increased by \$545, or approximately 22%, over the three months ended March 31, 2024. This increase is largely a result of our leaders positioning themselves to take advantage of recent job cuts in the governmental sectors to recruit available top talent for filling IT positions during the quarter.

#### Cost of Contract Services

Cost of contract services includes wages and related payroll taxes and employee benefits of our contract services employees, and certain other contract employee-related costs, while working on contract assignments. Cost of contract services for the three months ended March 31, 2025 decreased by approximately 6% to \$16,135 compared to \$17,196 for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The \$1,061 overall decrease in cost of contract services is consistent with the decrease in revenues as discussed above.

Gross profit percentage by service:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2025	2024
Professional contract services	24.9%	25.7%
Direct hire placement services	100.0%	100.0%
Combined gross profit margin (a)	34.1%	32.8%

- (a) Includes gross profit from direct hire placements, for which all associated costs are recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses. Unlike temporary contract staffing services, where we maintain primary responsibility for and control the staff members that we provide to perform services for our clients, direct hire placement revenues are only recognized for the net amount of fees we earned acting under an agency type of relationship. Accordingly, none of our costs associated with direct hire placement services are reportable as costs of services deducted from revenues to derive gross profit.

(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

Our combined gross profit margin, including direct hire placement services, for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were approximately 34.1% and 32.8%, respectively. Our professional contract staffing services gross margins for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were approximately 24.9% and 25.7%, respectively. The net increase in our gross margins overall is mainly attributable to the increase in the mix of direct hire placement revenues, which have a 100% gross margin, from 10% of revenues in the prior year quarter to 12% for the current year quarter. The decline in professional contract staffing services gross margins also are attributable to changes in business mix and include the effects of some price concessions aimed at attracting or retaining business in the current environment.

#### *Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Selling, general and administrative expenses include the following categories:

- Compensation and benefits in the operating divisions, which include salaries, wages and commissions earned by our employment consultants, recruiters and branch managers on permanent and temporary placements;
- Administrative compensation, which includes salaries, wages, share-based compensation, payroll taxes, and employee benefits associated with general management and the operation of corporate functions, including principally, finance, human resources, information technology and administrative functions;
- Occupancy costs, which includes office rent, and other office operating expenses;
- Recruitment advertising, which includes the cost of identifying and tracking job applicants; and
- Other selling, general and administrative expenses, which includes travel, bad debt expense, fees for outside professional services and other corporate-level expenses such as business insurance and taxes.

Our SG&A for the three months ended March 31, 2025 decreased by \$251 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. SG&A for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as a percentage of revenues, were approximately 38.0% compared to approximately 37.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The increase in SG&A expenses as a percentage of revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2025, was primarily attributable to the declines in revenues in relation to the level of fixed SG&A expenses, including fixed personnel-related expenses, occupancy costs, job boards and applicant tracking systems.

SG&A includes certain non-cash costs and expenses incurred related to acquisition, integration, restructuring and other non-recurring activities, such as certain corporate legal and general expenses associated with capital markets activities, that either are not directly associated with core business operations or have been eliminated on a going forward basis. These costs were \$226 and \$452 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and include mainly expenses associated with advisory fees and legal expenses related to other than routine matters.

#### *Amortization and Depreciation Expense*

Amortization expense was \$225 and \$719 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The significant decline in amortization expense is mainly due to impairment charges recorded during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, which substantially reduced the remaining unamortized balances of our identifiable intangible assets and present amortization, accordingly. Depreciation expense was \$50 and \$66 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025, and 2024, respectively.



(Amounts in thousands except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

*Goodwill Impairment*

We completed an interim goodwill impairment assessment as of March 31, 2025 and determined that our goodwill was impaired. The estimated fair value of our Professional Services reporting unit decreased as compared to those resulting from the September 30, 2024 annual assessment, indicating that the pre-assessment carrying value as of March 31, 2025 exceeded its estimated fair value. As a result, a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$22,000 was recorded during the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 so that the carrying value of the Professional Services reporting unit reflects its estimated fair value, as determined by the interim evaluations made of our goodwill.

*Loss from Operations*

Loss from operations was \$(23,220) and \$(1,948) for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. This increase in loss from operations is attributable to the goodwill impairment charge recorded during the three-month period ended March 31, 2025, offset in part by the increase in direct hire placement services revenues as discussed above.

*Interest Expense*

Interest expense was \$89 and \$65 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and is mainly attributable to unused availability and administrative fees on our Facility.

*Interest Income*

Interest income earned was \$139 and \$179 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Interest income is earned on cash balances held in our two brokerage accounts.

*Provision for Income Taxes*

We recognized income tax expense (benefit) of \$9,786 and \$(915) for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 is lower than the statutory rate primarily due to the effect of the valuation allowance on our net DTA position. Our effective tax rate for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024 is higher than the statutory tax rate primarily due to the effect of federal tax credits and state and local taxes.

As of each reporting date, management considers new evidence, both positive and negative, that could affect its view of the future realization of deferred tax assets. In view of the significance of our recent pre-tax book losses and the likelihood of continuing uncertainty in the industry and economy as a whole, management excluded projections of future income from its forecast of the reversal of our DTAs as of March 31, 2025. As a result, it was determined that our net DTAs would not be realized as there is not sufficient positive evidence to conclude that it is more likely than not that the deferred taxes are realizable. As a result, we recorded an additional \$12,713 valuation allowance accordingly as of March 31, 2025.

*Loss from Discontinued Operations*

As a result of our Industrial Segment being deemed a discontinued operation, the results of that segment have been reclassified to loss from discontinued operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Loss from discontinued operations was \$(163) and \$(89) for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

*Consolidated Net Loss*

Our consolidated net loss was \$(33,119) and \$(1,008) for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in consolidated net loss is primarily the result of the non-cash goodwill impairment charge and valuation allowance related to our net deferred tax assets recorded as of March 31, 2025, as explained in the preceding paragraphs.

# Six Months Ended March 31, 2025 Compared to the Six Months Ended March 31, 2024

## Net Revenues

Consolidated net revenues are comprised of the following:

	Six Months Ended March 31,		Change	Change
	2025	2024		
Professional contract services	\$ 43,009	\$ 48,216	\$ (5,207)	-11%
Direct hire placement services	5,511	5,510	1	0%
Consolidated net revenues	<u>\$ 48,520</u>	<u>\$ 53,726</u>	<u>\$ (5,206)</u>	<u>-10%</u>

Professional contract staffing services contributed \$43,009 or approximately 89% of consolidated revenue and direct hire placement services contributed \$5,511, or approximately 11%, of consolidated revenue for the six months ended March 31, 2025. This compares to professional contract staffing services revenue of \$48,216, or approximately 90%, of consolidated revenue and direct hire placement revenue of \$5,510, or approximately 10%, of consolidated revenue for the six months ended March 31, 2024.

Economic weakness and uncertainties, including persistent inflation and the possibility of recession, continued to negatively impact our results through the six months ended March 31, 2025. Professional contract staffing services revenues decreased \$5,207, or 11%, as compared to the six months ended March 31, 2024.

Direct hire placement revenues for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were relatively flat at \$5,511 and \$5,510, respectively.

## Cost of Contract Services

Cost of contract services includes wages and related payroll taxes and employee benefits of our contract services employees, and certain other contract employee-related costs, while working on contract assignments. Cost of contract services for the six months ended March 31, 2025 decreased by approximately 10% to \$32,234 compared to \$35,997 for the six months ended March 31, 2024. The \$3,763 overall decrease in cost of contract services is consistent with the decrease in revenues as discussed above.

Gross profit percentage by service:

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2025	2024
Professional contract services	<u>25.1%</u>	<u>25.3%</u>
Direct hire placement services	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
Combined gross profit margin (a)	<u>33.6%</u>	<u>33.0%</u>

- (b) Includes gross profit from direct hire placements, for which all associated costs are recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses. Unlike temporary contract staffing services, where we maintain primary responsibility for and control the staff members that we provide to perform services for our clients, direct hire placement revenues are only recognized for the net amount of fees we earned acting under an agency type of relationship. Accordingly, none of our costs associated with direct hire placement services are reportable as costs of services deducted from revenues to derive gross profit.

Our combined gross profit margin, including direct hire placement services, for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were approximately 33.6% and 33.0%, respectively. Our professional contract staffing services gross margins for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were approximately 25.1% and 25.3%, respectively. The net increase in our gross margins is mainly attributable to changes in the mix of direct hire placement revenues, which have a 100% gross margin.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Selling, general and administrative expenses include the following categories:

- Compensation and benefits in the operating divisions, which include salaries, wages and commissions earned by our employment consultants, recruiters and branch managers on permanent and temporary placements;
- Administrative compensation, which includes salaries, wages, share-based compensation, payroll taxes, and employee benefits associated with general management and the operation of corporate functions, including principally, finance, human resources, information technology and administrative functions;
- Occupancy costs, which includes office rent, and other office operating expenses;
- Recruitment advertising, which includes the cost of identifying and tracking job applicants; and
- Other selling, general and administrative expenses, which includes travel, bad debt expense, fees for outside professional services and other corporate-level expenses such as business insurance and taxes.

Our SG&A for the six months ended March 31, 2025 decreased by \$1,994 as compared to the six months ended March 31, 2024. SG&A for the six months ended March 31, 2025, as a percentage of revenues, were approximately 36.6% compared to approximately 36.7% for the six months ended March 31, 2024. The slight decrease in SG&A expenses as a percentage of revenues during the six months ended March 31, 2025, was primarily attributable to the presence of certain non-cash and/or non-operational and other expenses described below.

SG&A includes certain non-cash costs and expenses incurred related to acquisition, integration, restructuring and other non-recurring activities, such as certain corporate legal and general expenses associated with capital markets activities, that either are not directly associated with core business operations or have been eliminated on a going forward basis. These costs were \$317 and \$995 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and include mainly expenses associated with former closed and consolidated locations, legal expenses related to other than routine matters, and personnel costs associated with eliminated positions.

*Amortization and Depreciation Expense*

Amortization expense was \$430 and \$1,439 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The significant decline in amortization expense is mainly due to impairment charges recorded during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, which substantially reduced the remaining unamortized balances of our identifiable intangible assets and present amortization, accordingly. Depreciation expense was \$105 and \$138 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

*Goodwill Impairment*

We completed an interim goodwill impairment assessment as of March 31, 2025 and determined that our goodwill was impaired. The estimated fair value of our Professional Services reporting unit decreased as compared to those resulting from the September 30, 2024 annual assessment, indicating that the pre-assessment carrying value as of March 31, 2025 exceeded its estimated fair value. As a result, a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$22,000 was recorded during the six-month period ended March 31, 2025 so that the carrying value of the Professional Services reporting unit reflects its estimated fair value, as determined by the interim evaluations made of our goodwill.

*Loss from Operations*

Loss from operations was \$(23,993) and \$(3,586) for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. This increase in loss from operations is attributable to the goodwill impairment charge recorded during the six-month period ended March 31, 2025, offset in part by decreases in SG&A and amortization expense as discussed above.

*Interest Expense*

Interest expense was \$155 and \$134 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and is mainly attributable to unused availability and administrative fees on our Facility.

*Interest Income*

Interest income earned was \$294 and \$369 for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Interest income is earned on cash balances held in our two brokerage accounts.

*Provision for Income Taxes*

We recognized income tax expense (benefit) of \$9,786 and \$(915) for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the six-month period ended March 31, 2025 is lower than the statutory rate primarily due to the effect of the valuation allowance on our net DTA position. Our effective tax rate for the six-month period ended March 31, 2024 is higher than the statutory tax rate primarily due to the effect of federal tax credits and state and local taxes.

As of each reporting date, management considers new evidence, both positive and negative, that could affect its view of the future realization of deferred tax assets. In view of the significance of our recent pre-tax book losses and the likelihood of continuing uncertainty in the industry and economy as a whole, management excluded projections of future income from its forecast of the reversal of our DTAs as of March 31, 2025. As a result, it was determined that our net DTAs would not be realized as there is not sufficient positive evidence to conclude that it is more likely than not that the deferred taxes are realizable. As a result, we recorded an additional \$12,713 valuation allowance accordingly as of March 31, 2025.

*Loss from Discontinued Operations*

As a result of our Industrial Segment being deemed a discontinued operation, the results of that segment have been reclassified to loss from discontinued operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Loss from discontinued operations was \$(171) and \$(127) for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

*Consolidated Net Loss*

Our consolidated net loss was \$(33,811) and \$(2,563) for the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in consolidated net loss is primarily the result of the non-cash goodwill impairment charge and valuation allowance related to our net deferred tax assets recorded as of March 31, 2025, as explained in the preceding paragraphs.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our primary sources of liquidity are revenues earned and collected from our clients for the placement of contract employees and independent contractors on a temporary basis and permanent employment candidates and borrowings available under our asset-based senior secured revolving credit facility. Uses of liquidity include primarily the costs and expenses necessary to fund operations, including payment of compensation to our contract and permanent employees, and employment-related expenses, operating costs and expenses, taxes and capital expenditures.

The following table sets forth certain consolidated statements of cash flows data, including cash flows from discontinued operations:

	<b>Six Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (1,141)	\$ 423
Cash flows used in investing activities	(972)	(38)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(39)	(1,656)

As of March 31, 2025, we had \$18,676 of cash, a decrease of \$2,152 from \$20,828 as of September 30, 2024.

As of March 31, 2025, we had working capital of \$24,109 compared to \$26,079 as of September 30, 2024. The decreases in cash and working capital are mainly attributable to the distribution of cash proceeds of \$1,100 to the sellers of Hornet, and related expenses paid; and the effects of lower overall business volume during the six-months ended March 31, 2025.

The primary use of cash for investing activities was for the acquisition of Hornet during the six months ended March 31, 2025. As described under Note 2, on January 3, 2025, we completed the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding common stock of Hornet Staffing, Inc., which is now our wholly owned subsidiary. We paid \$1,100 of cash consideration at closing on January 3, 2025, and entered into two 5% uncollateralized subordinated promissory notes with the sellers in the aggregate amount of \$400, each payable in two equal annual installments due at the end of the two subsequent years following closing. The purchase price and our obligations under the subordinated promissory notes are subject to reduction in the event Hornet Staffing does not achieve agreed upon profit metrics during the two years subsequent to closing on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

The cash flows used in financing activities were primarily for purchases of treasury stock during the six-months ended March 31, 2024, and payments made on finance leases during the six-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

We had \$7,368 in availability for borrowings under our facility as of March 31, 2025. There were no outstanding borrowings on the Facility as of March 31, 2025, or September 30, 2024, except for certain accrued carrying fees and costs, which are included in other current liabilities in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

On April 27, 2023, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of \$20 million of our currently outstanding shares of common stock. The share repurchase program continued through December 31, 2023. The repurchase program did not obligate us to repurchase any number of shares of common stock. The share repurchase program was conducted in accordance with Rules 10b-5 and 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Subject to applicable rules and regulations, shares of common stock were purchased from time to time in the open market transactions and in amounts we deemed appropriate, based on factors such as market conditions, legal requirements, and other business considerations. During the six-months ended March 31, 2024, we repurchased 2,717 shares of our common stock at a total cost of \$1,575. Upon conclusion of the share repurchase program, as of December 31, 2023, we repurchased 6,129 shares in aggregate (accounting for approximately 5.4% of our issued and outstanding common shares immediately prior to the program).

On August 13, 2024, we re-issued 642 of its treasury shares to fulfill commitments for the issuance of previously granted restricted share awards that became fully vested and unrestricted. The treasury shares were reissued in lieu of issuing 642 new shares of our common stock, therefore, while our total number of outstanding shares of common stock increased by 642, its total number of issued shares of common stock did not increase as a result of the reissuance of treasury shares instead.

All our office facilities are leased. Minimum lease payments under all our lease agreements for the twelve-month period commencing after the close of business on March 31, 2025, are approximately \$1,158. There are no minimum debt service principal payments due during the twelve-month period commencing after the close of business on March 31, 2025.

Management believes that we can generate adequate liquidity to meet our obligations for the foreseeable future and at least for the next twelve months.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of March 31, 2025, there were no transactions, agreements or other contractual arrangements to which an unconsolidated entity was a party, under which the Company (a) had any direct or contingent obligation under a guarantee contract, derivative instrument or variable interest in the unconsolidated entity, or (b) had a retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to the unconsolidated entity.

#### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.**

Not applicable.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**

##### *Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

As of March 31, 2025, the Company's management evaluated, with the participation of its principal executive officer and its principal financial officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("the Exchange Act"). Based on that evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and its principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2025.

##### *Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting or in any other factors that could significantly affect these controls, during the Company's six-month period ended March 31, 2025, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II – OTHER INFORMATION.**

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

None.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

In evaluating us and our common stock, we urge you to carefully consider the risks and other information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A. of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 (“2024 Form 10-K”) filed with the SEC on December 19, 2024. Any of the risks discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or any of the risks disclosed in Item 1A. of Part I of our 2024 Form 10-K, as well as additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial, could materially and adversely affect our results of operations or financial condition.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.**

On April 27, 2023, the Company’s Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of \$20 million of the Company’s currently outstanding shares of common stock. The share repurchase program continued through December 31, 2023. The repurchase program did not obligate the Company to repurchase any number of shares of common stock. The share repurchase program was conducted in accordance with Rules 10b-5 and 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Subject to applicable rules and regulations, shares of common stock were purchased from time to time in the open market transactions and in amounts the Company deemed appropriate, based on factors such as market conditions, legal requirements, and other business considerations.

Upon conclusion of the share repurchase program, as of December 31, 2023, the Company repurchased 6,128,877 shares in aggregate (accounting for approximately 5.4% of our issued and outstanding common shares immediately prior to the program).

On August 13, 2024, the Company re-issued 641,666 of its treasury shares to fulfill commitments for the issuance of previously granted restricted share awards that became fully vested and unrestricted. The treasury shares were reissued in lieu of issuing 641,666 new shares of our common stock, therefore, while the Company’s total number of outstanding shares of common stock increased by 641,666, its total number of issued shares of common stock did not increase as a result of the reissuance of treasury shares instead.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.**

None.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.**

Not applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information.**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

The following exhibits are filed as a part of Part I of this report:

No.	Description of Exhibit
<a href="#">31.1*</a>	<a href="#">Certifications of the principal executive officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act.</a>
<a href="#">31.2*</a>	<a href="#">Certifications of the principal financial officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act.</a>
<a href="#">32.1**</a>	<a href="#">Certifications of the principal executive officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act and Section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.</a>
<a href="#">32.2**</a>	<a href="#">Certifications of the principal financial officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act and Section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.</a>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\* Filed herewith

\*\* Furnished herewith. This certification is being furnished solely to accompany this report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filings of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.



SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GEE GROUP INC.  
(Registrant)

Date: May 14, 2025

By: /s/ Derek Dewan  
Derek Dewan  
Chief Executive Officer  
  
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Kim Thorpe  
Kim Thorpe  
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal  
Financial and Accounting Officer)

## CERTIFICATION

I, Derek Dewan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q quarterly report for the six months ended March 31, 2025 of GEE Group Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2025

/s/ Derek Dewan  
Derek Dewan  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Kim Thorpe, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q quarterly report for the six months ended March 31, 2025 of GEE Group Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2025

/s/ Kim Thorpe  
Kim Thorpe Senior  
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 1350**

**OF CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of GEE Group Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the six months ended March 31, 2025 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), the undersigned hereby certifies, in his capacity as an officer of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of the operations of the Company.

Date: May 14, 2025

By: /s/ Derek Dewan  
Derek Dewan  
Chief Executive Office  
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 1350  
OF CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of GEE Group Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the six months ended March 31, 2025 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), the undersigned hereby certifies, in his capacity as an officer of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of the operations of the Company.

Date: May 14, 2025

By: /s/ Kim Thorpe  
Kim Thorpe  
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)